

A. LANGLEY CHRISTIAN SCHOOL SOCIETY CONSTITUTION

1. Name

The name of the society is the “Langley Christian School Society,” (hereinafter, the “Society”).

2. Purpose

The purpose of the Society is to establish and maintain schools for the daily instruction of our children, with such instruction to be in accordance with Section 100 of the Bylaws and directed toward the end that these children may be equipped to develop their talents and gifts to their fullest God-given potential.

B. Langley Christian School Bylaws

PART 1 – INTERPRETATION

1. In these bylaws unless the context otherwise requires,
 - (a) “Directors” means the directors of the Society for the time being;
 - (b) “Society” means the Langley Christian School Society and its successors;
 - (c) “*Societies Act*” means the *Societies Act* of British Columbia from time to time in force and all amendments to it;
 - (d) “registered contact information” of a member means the electronic contact information as recorded in the register of members
 - (e) “General Meeting” or “General Meetings” means a meeting or meetings of the members of the Society convened by the Directors; and
 - (f) “Major capital expenditure” means an expenditure relating to the acquisition of real property or the construction, major alteration or major repair of school facilities.
 - (g) “Senior Manager” is the legal definition provided in the *Societies Act* for a person delegated by the Directors to carry out some of the responsibilities of the Directors.
2. The definitions in the *Societies Act* on the date these bylaws become effective apply to these bylaws.
3. Words importing the singular include the plural and vice versa.

PART 2 – MEMBERSHIP

4. The members of the Society are those persons who have become members, in accordance with these bylaws and have not ceased to be members. All persons over the age of eighteen years who express an interest in the aims and purposes of the Society are eligible for membership of the Society. Every member shall comply with these bylaws. Approval and acceptance of membership applications shall be solely at the discretion of the Directors.
5. A person may apply to the Directors for membership in any one of the following three membership categories:
 - (a) A Full Member is a member who agrees to subscribe to and uphold the Constitution of the Society. A Full Member shall promote aims and objectives of the Society and adhere to the principles for Christian education set out in the Constitution.
 - (b) An Honorary Member is a member who agrees to subscribe to and uphold the Constitution of the Society and has been admitted to this category of membership by resolution of the Directors in recognition

of significant, sustained support of the Society and its purposes.

- (c) An Associate Member is a member who desires to have the member's children educated in a Christian school established by the Society but who is unable to subscribe to the Constitution.
6. Every Full and Associate Member shall pay to the Society either as a donation or part of tuition fees, an annual membership fee of at least Fifty (\$50.00) DOLLARS or such greater sum as may be determined from time to time by the Directors.
 7. A person shall cease to be a member of the Society:
 - (a) by delivering the member's resignation in writing or electronic means to the Secretary of the Society or by mailing or delivering it to the address of the Society, or
 - (b) on the member's death, or
 - (c) on being expelled pursuant to Section 8, or
 - (d) on having been a member not in good standing for twelve consecutive months or
 - (e) by no longer subscribing to all provisions in PART 16 of the Bylaws (applicable to Full and Honorary Members only), or
 - (f) in the case of an Honorary Member only, by the Honorary Member upon written request from the Board, failing to indicate within sixty days, that the Honorary Member wishes to remain a member of the Society.
 8. Membership in the Society does not necessarily entitle a member to send the member's children to a school established by the Society.
 9. The Directors may expel, suspend or otherwise discipline any member for non-payment of dues, or any other fees payable, or for conduct, which in the opinion of the Directors, is improper or unbecoming for a member of the Society, or is likely to endanger the interests, purposes or reputation of the Society or is in violation of the basis and principles set out in the Constitution of the Society or is in breach of these bylaws, but the Directors may not expel, suspend or otherwise discipline any member until the member has received a notice of the proposed expulsion, suspension or other discipline measure which shall set out the reasons therefore, and until the member has been given an opportunity to be heard by the Directors before the proposed expulsion, suspension or other disciplinary measure are put to a vote of Directors.
 10. A member who is expelled, suspended or otherwise disciplined by the Directors may appeal such a decision to a general meeting of the members within twelve (12) months of the decision and the decision of the majority of the members shall be final and binding and there shall be no further appeals or reviews of the decision by the members to any court, or

other judicial body. The rules of procedure on an appeal to the members shall be determined by majority of the members at such general meeting and shall ensure that the member has a fair hearing.

11. The Directors may deny any member the privilege of sending the member's children to a school established by the Society if the member makes default in paying the tuition fees from time to time set by the Directors provided that the Directors may in their discretion set a lower tuition fee for those members who are unable to contribute the full tuition fees.
12. All Full Members and Associate Members are in good standing except a member who has failed to pay the applicable current annual membership fee and is not in good standing so long as the membership fee remains unpaid. Honorary Members are always in good standing.
13. Any member who ceases to be a member of the Society forfeits all rights, claims, privileges or interests arising from the membership in the Society.

PART 3 – MEETINGS OF MEMBERS

14. General meetings of the Society shall be held at least twice a year at such time and place, in accordance with the *Societies Act*, as the Directors decide.
15. Every general meeting, other than an annual general meeting, is an extraordinary general meeting.
16. The Directors shall, upon the written request of ten (10%) percent or more of the Full Members of the Society, convene a general meeting without delay.
17. Notice of a general meeting shall be given to each member at least fourteen (14) days before the date of the meeting and shall specify the place, the day and the hour of meeting and, in case of special business, the general nature of that business;
18. The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of a notice by, any of the members entitled to receive notice, does not invalidate proceedings at that meeting;
19. An annual general meeting shall be held at least once in every calendar year.

PART 4 – PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

20. The business which shall be transacted at an annual general meeting shall be:
 - (a) the adoption of rules of order, if required;
 - (b) the consideration of the financial statements;
 - (c) the report of the Directors;
 - (d) the report of the auditor if any;
 - (e) the appointment of the auditor, if required; and
 - (f) such other business, as under these bylaws, ought to be transacted at an annual general meeting, or business which is brought under consideration by the report of the Directors issued with a notice convening the meeting.

21. The order of business at a general meeting other than an annual meeting shall be:
 - (a) The adoption of rules of order, if required;
 - (b) The election of Directors, if required;
 - (c) Such other business which is brought under consideration by the report of the Directors issued with the notice convening the meeting.

22. No business, other than the election of a chairman and the adjournment or termination of the meeting, shall be conducted at a general meeting at a time when a quorum is not present.

23. If at any time during a general meeting there ceases to be a quorum present, business then in progress shall be suspended until there is a quorum present or until the meeting is adjourned or terminated.

24. A quorum shall be:
 - (a) In the case of a general meeting at which the members are called upon to vote on a proposal involving a change to the constitution or bylaws of the Society, a major capital expenditure, or any other decision which the Directors deem to be a major decision for the purposes of this clause, sixty (60) full members in good standing and Honorary Members present;
 - (b) In all other cases, thirty (30) Full members in good standing and Honorary Members present.

25. A quorum may from time to time be increased by a resolution of the members at a general meeting to take effect at the next general meeting of the Society.

26. If within thirty minutes from the time appointed for a general meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened on the requisition of members, shall be terminated; but in any other case, it shall stand adjourned to another date, time and place set by the Directors immediately before the adjournment of the meeting. If no date, time and place is set by the Directors, the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the

- next week, at the same time and place. In either case, if at the adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within thirty minutes from the time appointed for the meeting, the Full Members in good standing and Honorary Members present constitute a quorum.
27. The President of the Society, the Vice-President, or in the absence of both, one of the other Directors present, shall preside as Chairman of a general meeting.
 28. A general meeting may be adjourned from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at an adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.
 29. When a meeting is adjourned for twenty (20) days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of the original meeting.
 30. Except as provided in the bylaw, it is not necessary to give notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned general meeting.
 31. Every resolution proposed at a meeting must be seconded; and the Chairman of the meeting may move or propose a resolution.
 32. In the case of an equality vote the Chairman shall not have a casting or second vote in addition to the vote to which he may be entitled as a member and the proposed resolution shall not pass.
 33. A Full Member in good standing is entitled to one (1) vote at all general meetings. An Honorary Member is entitled to one (1) vote at all general meetings.
 34. An Associate Member shall not be entitled to vote at any general meetings.
 35. Voting with respect to the election of Directors and with respect to proposals involving major capital expenditures shall be by ballot. In all other cases, voting may be by show of hands or by ballot as determined by the presiding Chairman.
 36. Subject to Section 79, a major capital expenditure shall not be incurred by the Society without the approval of 2/3rds of the Full Members in good standing and Honorary Members present at the general meeting at which the resolution concerning the major capital expenditure is presented.
 37. Voting by proxy is not permitted.

PART 5 – DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

38. The Directors may exercise all such powers and do all such acts and things as the Society may exercise and do, and which are not by these sections or by statute or otherwise lawfully directed or required to be exercised or done by the Society in general meeting, but subject nevertheless to the provisions of:
 - (a) All laws affecting the Society, and
 - (b) These bylaws; and
 - (c) Rules, not being inconsistent with these bylaws, which are made from time to time by the Society in a general meeting.
39. No rule, made by the Society in general meeting, invalidates a prior act of the Directors that would have been valid if that rule had not been made.
40. Subject to the provisions of the *Societies Act*, the Society shall indemnify each Director and former Director of the Society and their respective heirs and personal representatives against all costs, charges, expenses, losses and damages, including any amounts paid to settle an action or satisfy a judgment, actually and reasonably incurred by reason of his or her being or having been Director of the Society, including any action brought by the Society, except such costs, charges, expense, losses or damage as may be incurred as a result of his or her own fraud, wilful neglect, default or breach of the Bylaws. Each Director of the Society, on being elected, shall be deemed to have contracted with the Society on the terms of the foregoing indemnity.
41. Subject to the provisions of the *Societies Act*, every Director who has properly undertaken or is about to undertake any liability of behalf of the Society or any Society controlled by it and their heirs, executors, and administrators, and estate and effects, respectively, shall from time to time and at all times, be indemnified and saved harmless out of the funds of the Society, from and against.
 - (a) All costs, charges and expenses whatsoever which such Director, officer or other person sustains or incurs in or about any action, suit or proceeding which is brought, commenced or prosecuted against him, or in respect of any act, deed, matter or thing whatsoever, made, done or permitted by him, in or about the execution of the duties of his office or in respect of any such liability; and
 - (b) All other costs, charges and expenses which he sustains or incurs in or about or in relation to the affairs thereof, except such costs, charges or expenses as are occasioned by his own wilful neglect or default.
42. The number of Directors shall consist of no fewer than eight (8) Directors.

43. The Society shall purchase and maintain liability insurance for the benefit of a director, officer, employee, volunteer, or staff member of the Society and any executive board member, or committee member, whether salaried or not.
44. The President, Vice-President, Secretary and the Treasurer shall be the Officers of the Society.
45. The Directors shall elect their own officers annually at the first meeting of the Directors following the general meeting at which Directors are elected.
46. A person must be a Full Member of the Society in good standing or an Honorary Member in order to be eligible to hold office as a Director.
47. A Director shall be a professing communicant member of a Church whose doctrines are in harmony with God's Word as defined in Section 101; shall be spiritually sound in faith and life; and in full support in word and deed of the cause of Christian Education.
48. Directors shall be elected to serve a term of three (3) years to expire at the conclusion of the first meeting of the Directors following the general meeting at which Directors are elected.
49. A retiring Director is not eligible for immediate re-election unless the Directors determine that special circumstances warrant re-election. No Director shall serve more than two (2) consecutive three (3) year terms.
50. In the event of the resignation of a Director, the Board of Directors may appoint a Full Member in good standing or an Honorary Member to the Board until an election at the next general meeting of the Society.
51. In addition to regular annual elections, in any year a maximum of two of the retiring Directors who have completed a term of three years or less shall be eligible for appointment to the Board of Directors for one additional year, subject to Society approval.
52. Generally, the Board of Directors shall nominate two persons for each vacancy on the Board of Directors created by retiring Directors. The members shall have the right and opportunity of submitting names of possible nominees in writing to the Directors for their consideration prior to the general meeting at which Directors are elected.
53. Nominations supported by the signature of 20 Full Members in good standing and Honorary Members, received at least thirty (30) days prior to the election shall be included on the ballot, provided that the nominated

- member is a member in good standing and agrees to stand for election.
54. No act or proceeding of the Directors is invalid only by reason of there being less than the prescribed number of Directors in office.
 55. The members may, by special resolution, remove a Director before the expiration of his term of office, and may elect a successor to complete the term of office.
 56. No Director shall be remunerated for being or acting as a Director but a Director shall be reimbursed for all expenses necessarily and reasonably incurred by him while engaged in the affairs of the Society.

PART 6 – PROCEEDING OF DIRECTORS

57. The Directors may meet together at such places as they think fit for the dispatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings and proceedings as they see fit, provided that they shall meet at least twelve (12) times in each calendar year.
58. The Directors may from time to time fix the quorum necessary for the transaction of business and unless fixed, the quorum shall be a majority of the Directors then in office.
59. The President shall be Chairman of all meetings of the Directors; but if at any meeting the President is not present within thirty minutes after the time proposed for the holding of the meeting or if he has given prior notice that he shall not be present, the Vice-President shall act as Chairman, and if neither is present, one of the other Directors shall be Chairman at the meeting.
60. The Directors may delegate any, but not all, of their powers to a Senior Manager or to committees consisting of such Director or Directors as they think fit.
61. A Senior Manager, or a committee so formed in the exercise of the powers so delegated shall conform to any rules that may from time to time be imposed on it by the Directors, and shall report every act or thing done in exercise of those powers to the earliest meeting of the Directors to be held next after it has been done.
62. A committee of Directors, or the Senior Manager working on behalf of the Directors, shall elect a Chairman of its meetings and the members of such a committee may meet and adjourn as they think proper.
63. The Directors, or the Senior Manager working on behalf of the Directors,

may form committees not consisting entirely of Directors to assist the Directors in the management of the Society, but no resolution of such a committee shall be valid without the adoption of the Directors.

64. Questions arising at any meeting of the Directors and committee of Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes.
65. In case of an equality of votes, the Chairman may have a casting vote.
66. No solution proposed at a meeting of Directors or committee of Directors need be seconded and the Chairman of a meeting may move or propose a resolution.
67. A resolution in writing, signed by all the Directors and placed with the minutes of the Directors is as valid and effective as if regularly passed at a meeting of Directors.

PART 7 – DUTIES OF DIRECTORS

68. The Directors, or the Senior Manager working on behalf of the Directors, shall determine and carry out various policies relating to the effective management and control of the Christian Schools established by the Society and without limiting the generality of the foregoing, shall:
 - (a) Hire principals and teachers who are qualified to carry out the educational policies established by the Directors;
 - (b) Hire such other persons as the Directors deem necessary to carry out the objects of the Society;
 - (c) Determine the school term and holidays and vacations of principals, teachers, staff and students;
 - (d) Select and supervise a course of study to be followed by students in the schools established by the Society.
 - (e) Set tuition fees;
 - (f) Establish policies with respect to enrolment procedures, discipline of students and conduct and qualification of principals and teachers;
 - (g) Devise ways and means of obtaining funds necessary for the operation of the schools and determining how those funds shall be disbursed;
 - (h) Generally to manage all the affairs of the schools.
 - (i) Hire a Senior Manager delegated to take responsibility for duties listed above at their discretion.
69. Under the authority of the Directors, the Senior Manager shall only hire and continue to employ principals and teachers and all other staff members who are professing, communicant members of a Church whose doctrines are in harmony with God's Word as defined by Section 101, who

are spiritually sound in faith and life and who wholeheartedly endorse and support the cause of Christian Education.

PART 8 – DUTIES OF OFFICERS

70. The President shall, where possible, preside at all meetings of the Society and of the Directors and shall perform such other duties as usually pertain to his office.
71. The President is the chief executive officer of the Society and shall supervise the other officers and Directors in the execution of their duties.
72. The Vice-President shall carry out the duties of the President during his absence.
73. The Secretary shall:
 - (a) Conduct the correspondence of the Society.
 - (b) Issue notices of meetings of the Society and Directors
 - (c) Keep minutes of all meetings of the society and Directors;
 - (d) Have custody of all records and documents of the Society except those required to be kept by the Treasurer.
 - (e) Have custody of the common seal of the Society; and
 - (f) Maintain the Register of Members.
74. The Treasurer shall:
 - (a) Keep such financial records, including books of account, as are necessary to comply with the Society Act; and
 - (b) Render financial statements to the Directors, members and others when required.

PART 9 – SEAL

75. The Directors may provide a common seal for the Society and they shall have the power from time to time to destroy it and substitute a new seal in place of the seal destroyed.
76. The common seal shall be affixed only when authorized by a resolution of the Directors and then only in the presence of the persons prescribed in the resolution or if no persons are prescribed, in the presence of the President and the Secretary.
77. Documents executed on behalf of the Society need not be sealed by the common seal of the Society. Documents may be executed by or on behalf of the Society by:
 - (a) The President and one other Director of the Society; or
 - (b) Any two persons prescribed by Resolution of the Board of Directors,

one of whom shall be a Director of the Society.

PART 10 – FINANCES

78. In order to carry out the purposes of the Society, the Directors may, subject to these bylaws, on behalf of and in the name of the Society, raise or secure the payment or repayment of money in such manner as they decide and in particular, but without limiting the generality of the foregoing, by the issue of debentures by executing and delivering General or Specific Security Agreements, and by executing and delivering mortgages of land.
79. No debentures of General Security Agreement shall be issued without the approval of a special resolution.
80. The means by which the establishment and maintenance of the Christian Schools established by the Society shall be financed are:
 - (a) Membership dues;
 - (b) Contributions by members;
 - (c) Church collections;
 - (d) Pupil tuitions;
 - (e) Gifts and donations;
 - (f) Government funding, if applicable; and
 - (g) Any other lawful means.

PART 11 – AUDITOR

81. This part applies only when the Society is required or has resolved to have an auditor.
82. The first auditor shall be appointed by the Directors and they shall also fill all vacancies occurring in the office of auditor.
83. At each annual general meeting the Society shall appoint an auditor to hold office until he is re-elected or his successor is elected at the next annual general meeting.
84. An auditor may be removed by ordinary resolution.
85. An auditor shall be informed forthwith in writing of appointment or removal.
86. No Director and no employee of the Society shall be auditor.
87. The auditor may attend general meetings.

PART 12 – NOTICES TO MEMBERS

88. Notice may be given to a Full Member in good standing or an Honorary Member, either personally or by electronic means. All members are required to provide updated electronic contact information to the Society for the purpose of providing notice and communications to them.
89. Any Notice of Meeting will be posted on the school's website and distributed to members by way of their registered contact information.
90. Notice of a general meeting shall be given to:
 - (a) Every member shown on the Register of Members on the date notice is given; and
 - (b) The auditor, if part 11 applies.
 - (c) No other person is entitled to receive a notice of a general meeting.

PART 13 – BOOKS AND RECORDS

91. Save as hereinafter set out, the books, records and other documents of the Society may be inspected by the Directors and members at such time and place as may be decided by the Board of Directors.
92. Any books, records or other documents pertaining to the Society shall be available for inspection by the members or Directors upon giving the Board of Directors twenty-one (21) days written notice of such intention to inspect such books, records and other documents and the reasons therefore, provided always, that the Board of Directors may in its sole and absolute discretion refuse a Director or member access to such documents if the reasons for such inspection appear to the Board of Directors to be contrary to the best interests of the Society or appear to the Board of Directors to infringe upon the rights and privacy of a parent, a member, a trustee, a principal, a teacher or a pupil. The Board of Directors may delegate its authority to permit inspection of documents.

PART 14 – AMENDMENTS

93. Subject to Section 97, the Constitution and the Bylaws of the Society may be amended by special resolution.

PART 15 – MISCELLANEOUS

94. On being admitted to membership, each member is entitled to and the Society shall provide, without charge, a copy of the Constitution and Bylaws of the Society.
95. The recipient referred to in Section 101 must be a qualified donee as defined in the *Income Tax Act*.

96. **PART 16 of the Bylaws are the pre-transition provisions with original Article names noted in square brackets.**

97. **All sections in PART 16 of the Bylaws require 100% approval of the Society to be revised.**

PART 16 – PRE-TRANSITION CONSTITUTIONAL PROVISIONS

98. **Name [Article 1]**

The name of the society is the “Langley Christian School Society,” (hereinafter, the “Society”).

99. **Purpose [Article 2]**

The purpose of the Society is to establish and maintain schools for the daily instruction of our children, with such instruction to be in accordance with Section 100 and directed toward the end that these children may be equipped to develop their talents and gifts to their fullest God-given potential.

100. **Guiding Principle [Article 3]**

We believe that the Bible gives Christian parents the responsibility and privilege of providing Christian education for our children, and believe that this can best be accomplished by concerted action.

101. **Basis [Article 4]**

The basis of the Langley Christian School Society is the Scriptures of the Old and New Testaments, the infallible Word of God, as interpreted by Reformed standards. It is not an ecclesiastical body nor is it subject to any ecclesiastical organization. The government of the Langley Christian School is autonomous, although affiliation with Christian Schools International does exist. This organization is committed to the following basic principles for Christian education:

- A. *The Bible*** - That God by His Holy Word reveals Himself; renews man’s understanding of God, of man himself, of his fellowman, and of the world; directs man in all his relationships and activities; and therefore guides His people also in the education of their children.
- B. *Creation*** - That in their education children must come to learn that the world, and man’s calling in it, can rightly be understood only in their relation to the Triune God who by His creation, restoration, and governance directs all things to the coming of His kingdom and the

glorification of His name

- C. **Sin** - That because man's sin, which brought upon all mankind the curse of God, alienates him from his Creator, his neighbor, and the world, distorts his view of the true meaning and purpose of life; and misdirects human culture; man's sin also corrupts the education of children.
- D. **Jesus Christ** - That through our Saviour, Jesus Christ, there is renewal of our educational enterprise because He is the Redeemer of, and the Light and the Way for, our human life in all its range and variety. Only through Him and the work of His spirit are we guided in the truth and recommitted to our original calling.
- E. **Schools** - That the purpose of Christian schools is to educate children for a life of obedience to their calling in this world as image-bearers of God; that this calling is to know God's Word and His creation, to consecrate the whole of human life to God, to love their fellowman, and to be stewards in their God-given cultural task.
- F. **Parents** - That the primary responsibility for education rests upon parents to whom children are entrusted by God, and that Christian parents should accept this obligation in view of the covenantal relationship which God established with believers and their children. They should seek to discharge this obligation through school associations and school boards which engage the services of Christian teachers in Christian schools.
- G. **Teachers** - That Christian teachers, both in obedience to God and in cooperation with parents, have a unique pedagogical responsibility while educating the child in school.
- H. **Pupils** - That Christian schools must take into account the variety of abilities, needs, and responsibilities of young persons; that the endowments and calling of young persons as God's image-bearers and their defects and inadequacies as sinners requires that such learning goals and such curricula will be selected as will best prepare them to live as obedient Christians; and that only with constant attention to such pedagogical concerns will education be truly Christian.
- I. **Community** - That because God's covenant embraces not only parents and their children but also the whole Christian community to which they belong, and because Christian education contributes directly to the advancement of God's kingdom, it is the obligation not only of the parents but also of their Christian community to establish and maintain Christian schools, to pray for, work for, and give generously in their support.
- J. **Educational Freedom** - That Christian schools, organized and administered in accordance with legitimate standards and provisions for day schools, should be fully recognized in society as free to function according to their principles. This provision was previously unalterable.

102. **Dissolution [Article 5]**

In case of dissolution of the Society, the property and monies belonging to the Society as a body shall be donated after liquidation to such Christian educational cause as may be decided upon by the Society at its meeting called for that purpose in agreement with the intent of this Constitution and in conformity with the laws of the Province of British Columbia in this respect. This provision was previously unalterable.

103. **Powers and Capacities [Article 6]**

In carrying on its activities the society shall have such powers and capacities as are permitted under the *Society Act* and may, if the board of Directors considers that to do so would promote or further the purposes of the Society:

- a. enter into agency or other arrangements for cooperation, joint venture or otherwise with any other entity, organization, society or national or international agency, carrying on or engaged in any activity directly or indirectly related to the purposes of the Society;
- b. use, give, devote, accumulate or apply from time to time all or part of the funds of the Society or income there from for such purposes which the board of Directors of the Society considers advisable in promoting the purposes of the Society;
- c. invest the funds of the Society, not immediately required for any of its purposes in such manner as the board of Directors of the Society considers prudent, subject to any restrictions on the investing of funds received as government grants imposed by the provincial government, and in doing so the board of Directors shall not be limited to making investments in which trustees are authorized to invest by law;
- d. incorporate or organize or join in the incorporation or organization of any entity for carrying out any purpose or exercising any power which the Society itself could carry out;
- e. solicit, receive and accept financial assistance, government grants, donations, endowments, gifts, bequests, rents, and other property or assets whatsoever;
- f. pay all expenses and liabilities of or incidental to the formation and operation of the Society;
- g. own legally or be beneficially, sell, let, mortgage, manage, lease, dispose of or otherwise deal with any or all of the property or assets of the Society; and
- h. do all such acts and things as may be incidental, conducive or beneficial to the attainment of the Society's purposes.

104. **Not for Profit Society [Article 7]**

The activities and purposes of the Society shall be carried on without purpose of monetary or economic gain for its members, and any income, profits or other accretions to the Society shall be used in promoting the purposes of the Society.

105. **Amalgamation [Article 8]**

The Society may only be amalgamated with one or more other societies each of which must be a non-profit organization or a registered charity if, upon such amalgamation, all property, assets and accumulated income of the Society pass to and vest in the amalgamated society.

106. **Previously Unalterable [Article 9]**

Articles 3,4,5,7,8 and 9 were previously unalterable.

107. **Alterable [Article 10]**

Article 6 and this Article are alterable.